EARLY LIKOVRISI: THE NEW WHITE VERY EARLY TABLE GRAPE SEEDLESS AND RESISTANT VARIETY

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Abstract:

Context and purpose of the study - This paper presents is the create, the study and ampelographic description the new «Early Likovrisi», that was created (2014) in Greece by Pantelis Zamanidis.

Material and methods - The variety created by crossing with the hybridization method of the varieties "Talisman" and "Florina". "Early Likovrisi" is a cross-breeding between American, Europeanand Far East (V. Amurensis).

Results – The table grape variety is a seedless, early-maturing, and resistant. The time between budburst and grape maturity is 126-135 days. The variety is very strong with large shoots growth (2.1 - 3.0 m). The growth of shoots is higher over 95%. The percentage of the fruitful shoots is greater than 90% .The yield is high more than 30–40 t / ha. The average weight of the cluster is 800 gIt has high resistance to fungal diseases, insects, high resistance to low temperatures, high resistance to drought and tolerant in Phylloxera compared to other varieties of Vitisvinifera.. The shoot and the tip of the young shoot are green-colored and hairless. The mature leaf is medium size, symmetrical, and five hardlobs. The flowers are hermaphrodite. The cluster is high sized, conical, winged and of medium density. The berry is big - average berry weight 7 gr - with a sort elliptical shape, green-yellow color, and medium skin. The taste of the berry pulp is characteristic of the «Early Likovrisi» variety. The content of sugar is high. Berry seeds are present but not developed. The «Early Likovrisi» variety is suitable for table grape production. Can be used in the genetic improvement of vitisvenifera varieties as a resistance donor, for fungal diseases, insects and low temperature.

Keywords: Hybridization, variety, shoots, leaves, inflorescence, cluster, berry.

1. Introduction.

«EARLY LIKOVRISI» -THE NEW TABLE GRAPE SEEDLESS AND RESISTANT VARIETY

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Introduction

In the multi-year study of the International Grapevine Genetic Bank it has been shown that seedless table varieties with disease and cold resistance are minimal. The major objective of genetic improvement of the vine is the creation of quality, productive and adaptable varieties resistant to phylloxera and mycological diseases, suitable for Self-roots crops. The created variety is a complex inter-species Euro American-Amur hybrid. This paper describes the creation and study of the variety " Early Likovrisi ".

Keywords: Hybridization, variety, leaves, inflorescence, berry, seed.

Fig.1 Young shoot of the variety " Early Likovrisi "

Material and methods

«Early Likovrisi » is a seedless, early-maturing, and resistant table grape variety that was created 2014 in Greece by Pantelis Zamanidis. For the creation of the variety were carried out the following tasks: Harvest grapes stratification seeding, seeding planting, cultivation of hybrid seedlings and selecting the best seedlings for candidate varieties. The variety created by crossing of the varieties "Talisman" and "Florina". The describe the new variety was done by the methodology of the International Organization of Vine and Wine (OIV 2013).

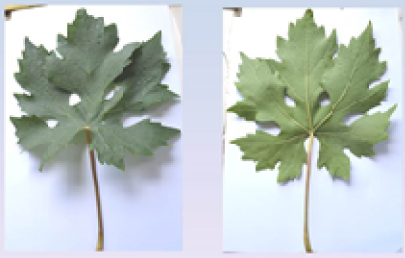

Fig.2 Mature leaves of the variety " Early Likovrisi "

Results – Discussion

"Early Likobrisi" is a cross-breeding between American and European grapevine species and also of V.Amurensis.

The time between budburst and grape maturity is 136-145 days. The variety is strong with large shoots growth (2.1 - 3.0 m). The growth of shoots is higher over 95%. Although shoot vigor is high, the shoot maturation is excellent and the productivity high. The percentage of the fruitful shoots is greater than 90% and the average cluster weight is 800 gr. It is distinguished for, it is resistant to drought conditions and fungal diseases, and it is also tolerant to Phylloxera infestation. The shoot and the tip of the young shoot are green-colored and hairless. The mature leaf is symmetrical, of medium size and five, hard lobs. The flowers are hermaphrodite. The cluster is high sized, conical, winged and of medium density. The berry is big - average berry weight 7 gr - with a sort elliptical shape, green-yellow color, and thin but hard skin. The taste of the berry pulp is characteristic of the « Early Likobrisi » variety. The content of sugar is high. Berry seeds are present but not developed. The « Early Likovrisi » variety is suitable for table and died grape production. Can be used as a resistance donor, in fungal diseases, low temperature and insects, in the genetic improvement of vitis venifera varieties. The new table grape variety with resistance to phylloxera, fungal diseases and unfavorable cold climatic conditions in line with the methodology of the International Organization of Vine and Wine (OIV 2013).

Fig. 3 Inflorescence, bunch, berries of thevariety " Early Likovrisi "

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